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On The Stability of Tensor Product Representations of Classical Groups

From an irreducible representation of $\operatorname{GL}(n, \mathbb{C})$ there is a natural way to construct an irreducible representations of $\operatorname{GL}(n+1, \mathbb{C})$ by adding a zero at the end of the highest weight $\underline{\lambda} = (\lambda_1 \ge \lambda_2 \ge \cdots \ge \lambda_n)$ with $\lambda_i \ge 0$ of the irreducible representation of $\operatorname{GL}(n, \mathbb{C})$. The paper considers the decomposition of tensor products of irreducible representation of $\operatorname{GL}(n, \mathbb{C})$ and of the corresponding irreducible representations of $\operatorname{GL}(n+1, \mathbb{C})$ and proves a stability result about such tensor products. We go on to discuss similar questions for classical groups.

Keywords: Classical groups, tensor product, Pieri's rule, Littlewood-Richardson rule, Weyl character formula.

MSC: 22E46, 20G05; 05E10.